Physical chemistry

Choose the correct answer:

(20 mark)

1. Which of the following is a characteristic of an adiabatic process?

$$A - \Delta U = 0$$

$$\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{W} = 0$$

$$\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{Q} = 0$$

$$D - \Delta V = 0$$

$$E-\Delta P=0$$

A-
$$4.5 \times 10^{2}$$

B-
$$1.0 \times 10^3$$

$$C-5.0 \times 10^3$$

$$\text{D-}\ 1.1\times 10^4$$

$$E\text{-}\ 3.0\times10^3$$

- **3.** What is the name of the following statement: "When two systems are in thermal equilibrium with a third system, then they are in thermal equilibrium with each other"?
 - A- First Law of Thermodynamics
 - **B- Second Law of Thermodynamics**
 - C- Mechanical equivalent of heat
 - D- Zeroth Law of Thermodynamics
 - E- None of these
- **4.** The purpose for use of the salt bridge in an electrochemical cell is to
 - A- provide a source of ions to react at the anode and cathode.
 - B- provide oxygen to facilitate oxidation at the anode.

- C- provide a means for electrons to travel from the anode to the cathode.
- D- provide a means for electrons to travel from the cathode to the anode.
- E- maintain electrical neutrality in the half-cells via migration of ions.
- **5.** Number of electrons involved in the electrodeposition of 63.5 g of Cu from a solution of CuSO₄ is:

A-
$$6.022 \times 10^{23}$$

B-
$$3.011 \times 10^{23}$$

C-
$$12.044 \times 10^{23}$$

D-
$$6.022 \times 10^{22}$$

$$E-24.088 \times 10^{22}$$

6. At 25°C, the rate constant for the first-order decomposition of a pesticide solution is 6.40×10^{-3} min⁻¹. If the starting concentration of pesticide is 0.0314 M, what concentration will remain after 62.0 min at 25°C?

A-
$$1.14 \times 10^{-1}$$
 M

D-
$$2.11 \times 10^{-2} M$$

E-
$$2.68 \times 10$$
-2 M

7. Newton's second law of motion is

$$A-F=-kx$$

$$B--kx = mx^{\bullet}$$

$$C--kx = \frac{d^2x}{dt^2} m$$

D- +kx =
$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2}$$
 m

- E- None of them
- **8.** The equation $\hat{\Lambda}f = \lambda f$ is the Eigen function where λ is......
 - A- Eigen value
 - B- linear operator

	C- complex value
	D- not Eigen value
	E- none of them
9.	Heisenberg's uncertainty principle states that both the position and of a particle can't be determined with finite accuracy and instantaneously.
	A- momentum
	B- mass
	C- energy
	D- time
	E- velocity
10	The Hamiltonian operator is the factor.
	A- moment
	B- time
	C- energy
	D- potential energy
	E- kinetic energy

Analytical chemistry

Choose the correct answer

20 mark

11-If the mole fraction of metal is 0.25 .	the formula of complex is

- a. M4L
- b. ML4
- c. M2L4
- d. M4L2

12- When dissolve 0.526 g from Cd(NO3)2 [Mw = 236.4] in 250 ml of distil water the concentration of cadmium[Atomic mass = 112.4] in this solution is

- a. 1ppm
- b. 10 ppm
- c. 100 ppm
- d. 1000 ppm

13- The pH of solution that is 0.02 M in NH3 and 0.03 M in NH4Cl after adding 1.00 ml of 0.1M NaOH to 0.10 liter of this solution is (p Kb = 9.24)

- a. 9.1
- b. 9.2
- c. 9.3
- d. 9.4

14- The electrode potential of the following half-cell against the standard hydrogen electrode is

$$E^0 = 0.095 \text{ v}$$

- a. 0.068 v
- b. 0.0594v
- c. 0.067v
- d. 0.295v

15- The ionic strength of solution that is 0.0036 M BaCl2 and 0.04 M NaCl is

- a. 0.050
- b. 0.051
- c. 0.052
- d. 0.053

16- Name the process that contaminates the precipices and also carries the precipitate solution containing soluble impurities.
a. Coprecipitation
b. Supersaturation
c. Repreciptation

- d. None of the above
- 17- For AB₂ or A₂B of salts like Mg(OH)₂ and Ag₂CrO₄, solubility is S then solubility product is equal to.....
- $a. 4S^3$
- $b. S^2$
- $c. 4S^2$
- $d. 2S^3$
- 18- What weight of Fe_2O_3 precipitate would be obtained from a 0.4823gm sample of iron wire that
- is 99.89% pure?
- a. 0.699
- b. 0.482
- c. 0.586
- d. 0.688
- 19- Solvent extraction is more effective when the extraction is repeated with:
 - a. Extra solvent
 - b. Large solvent
 - c. Small solvent
 - d. No solvent
- 20- When the component has a small value of K, it is supposed to have an affinity for:
- a. Mobile phase
- b. No phase

- c. Stationary phase
- d. Whole solution

Biochemistry

Choose the correct Answer:

20 mark

- 21- How many steps of urea cycle occur in liver mitochondria and cytosol?
- A- 3 steps in mitochondria and 3steps in cytosol.
- B- 3 steps in mitochondria and 2steps in cytosol.
- C- 2 steps in mitochondria and 3steps in cytosol.
- D- 3 steps in mitochondria and 1steps in cytosol.
- E 2 steps in mitochondria and 2steps in cytosol.
- 22- Which are amino acids have Aromatic R groups?
- A-Lys, Tyr, Cys.
- B- Asp, Met, Trp.
- C- Lys, Phe, Val.
- D-Trp, Tyr, Phe.
- E- Gln, GLu, Gly

- 23- Identify the purine base of nucleic acids in the following.
- A- Cytosine
- **B-Thymine**
- C- Uracil
- D- Adenine

E- caffeine

- 24- Which of these is true of the endocrine system
- A- secretes hormones that are transported to target cells by blood
- B- causes changes in metabolic activities
- C- effects are prolonged
- D- Endocrine glands are ductless and exocrine glands release secretions at the body's surface or into ducts
- E- All of above are true
- 25- The glycosaminoglycan that serves as an anticoagulant
- A- Heparin
- B- Hyaluronic acid
- C- Chondroitin sulfate
- D- Dermatan sulfate
- E- Vitamin K
- 26- The following polysaccharide is composed of β -glycosidic bonds
- A- Starch
- B- Glycogen
- C- Dextrin
- D- Cellulose
- E- all the above
- 27- The carbon atoms involved in the osazone formation
- A- 1 and 2
- B- 2 and 3
- C- 3 and 4
- D- 5 and 6

C- β -Linolenic acid
D- Oleic acid
E- Arachidonic acid
29- Cholesterol is the precursor for the biosynthesis of: A- fatty acid
B- prostaglandins
C- bile acids
D-sphingomyelin
E- Proteins
30- Deficiency of vitamin D causes: A- Ricket and osteomalacia
B- Tuberculosis of bone
C- Hypothyroidism
D- Skin cancer
E- Renal failure
Organic chemistry
Choose the correct answer: 20 mark

E- 1 and 5

A- Linoleic acid

B- α -Linolenic acid

28- A 20-carbon fatty acid among the following is:

31. Which of the following is the simplest member of organic compounds?

- a) Formic acid
- b) Formaldehyde
- c) Methane
- d) Methanol

32. Which of the following is the known name for the reaction given below?

(where, X=Cl, Br, I, OTf; R₂=Alkyl, aryl, H; R₃=alkyl, aryl)

- a) Ullmann reaction
- b) Gabriel phthalimide synthesis
- c) Buchwald-Hartwig Reaction
- d) Chan-Lam coupling

33. Which of the following is yielded when Ethylene glycol is treated with phosphorus tri-iodide?

- a) ethylene di-iodide
- b) ethylene
- c) ethane
- d) ethyl iodide

34. Hydrocarbons are organic compounds with element _____

- a) Both hydrogen and carbon
- b) Carbon
- c) Hydrogen
- d) Oxygen

35. Which of the following bond is made up of a large number of organic compounds?

- a) Metallic bond
- b) Dipolar bond

- c) Ionic bond
- d) Covalent bond

36- An organic compound (MF; C8H10O) exhibited the following 1H NMR special data: 62.5 (3H, s), 3.8 (314, s), 6.8 (2H, d, J 8 Hz), 7.2 (2H, d, J 8 Hz) ppm. Which of the following is that compound among the choices?

- a) 4-methylbenzyl alcohol
- b) 4-methyl anisole
- c) 4-ethylphenol
- d) 2-ethylphenol

37- Geometric isomerism is usually found in

- A. Alkanes
- B. Alkenes
- C. Alkynes
- D. Esters

38- the IUPAC Name of the following structure is

$$\begin{array}{c} CH_{2}-CH_{3} \\ HC \overline{\qquad} C - C - C - C - C \overline{\qquad} C - C - CH_{3} \\ H_{3}C \end{array}$$

- a) 3,4-diethyl-7,8-dimethylnona-1,5-diyne
- b) 3,4-diethyl-7,8-dimethylocta-1,5-diyne
- c) 3-acetyl-4-diethyl-7,8-dimethylnona-5-diyne
- d) 3,4-diethyl-8-dimethylnona-1,5-diyne

39- Which of the following compounds have antiaromatic properties?









- **a**) a
- **b**) b
- **c**) c
- **d**) d
- 40- Which of the following organic compound is formed when aniline reacts with acetaldehyde?
 - a) Diazonium salt
 - b) Immine
 - c) Schiff's base
 - d) Carbylamine

Inorganic chemistry

Part I: Choose the correct answer:

14 mark

- 41. Based on VSEPR theory, H₂O molecule has the following shape:
 - a. Bent
 - b. Trigonal pyramidal
 - c. Tetrahedral
 - d. Trigonal planner
- 42. The oxidation state of Chromium ion in the complex [Cr(CO)₆] is:
 - a. +2
 - b. +1
 - c. 0
 - d. -1
- 43. The principle of the molecular orbital theory (MOT) includes:
 - a. A molecular orbitals MO combination to form linear atomic orbitals AO
 - b. A linear combination of molecular orbitals (LCMO) to form molecular orbitals MO

- c. A linear combination of atomic orbitals (LCAO) to form molecular orbitals MO
- d. All of above
- 44. If the electron configuration of the octahedral complex with low spin ligand field is t_2g^5 eg², the CFSE ((10Dq) Δ_o) will be:
 - a. -0.8Δ₀+2p
 - b. $-1.8\Delta_0 + 3p$
 - c. -1.8Δ₀
 - d. $1.8\Delta_0 + p$
- 45. The hybridization of the central atom and the geometry of the molecular shape in the complex $[Fe(CN)_6]^{-3}$ are:
 - a. d^2sp^3 and T_d
 - b. d^2sp^3 and O_h
 - c. sp^3d^2 and T_d
 - d. sp^3d^2 and O_h
- 46. Based on the crystal field theory (CFT), the d-orbitals split into two different levels:
 - $a. \ eg \ and \ a_1g$
 - b. a₁g and t₂g
 - c. a₁g and a₂g
 - $d. \ t_2g \ and \ eg$
- 47. The difference between the complexes and the compounds is:
 - a. Atomic number
 - b. coordination bonds
 - c. oxidation state
 - d. others

Part II:

Answer the following questions about $[Co(CN)_6]^{3-}$ and $[Co(F)_6]^{3-}$: 6 marks

- 1. Why do they have different numbers of unpaired electrons?
- 2. Which one of them has higher Δ_0 ?
- 3. Which one of them has higher magnetic properties?
- 4. Why the Co atom classify as transition metal?

Good luck